

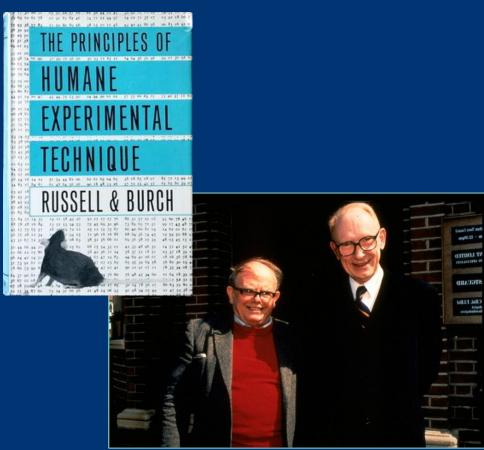
Have the 3Rs made a difference?

DR ELLIOT LILLEY

All right...all right...but apart from better sanitation, the medicine, education, wine, public order, irrigation, roads, a fresh water system and public health.... what have the Romans ever done for us?



What are the 3Rs? RUSSELL AND BURCH 1959



- Replacement use of humane alternatives
- Reduction using the minimum number to achieve satisfactory results
- Refinement reducing suffering (in experiments and other procedures) and improving welfare; applies to the lifetime experience of each animal



What are the 3Rs?

Why are they important?

- Emphasis on ultimate goal of full replacement
- 3Rs as a framework to promote humane research
- UK/Europe convention is:

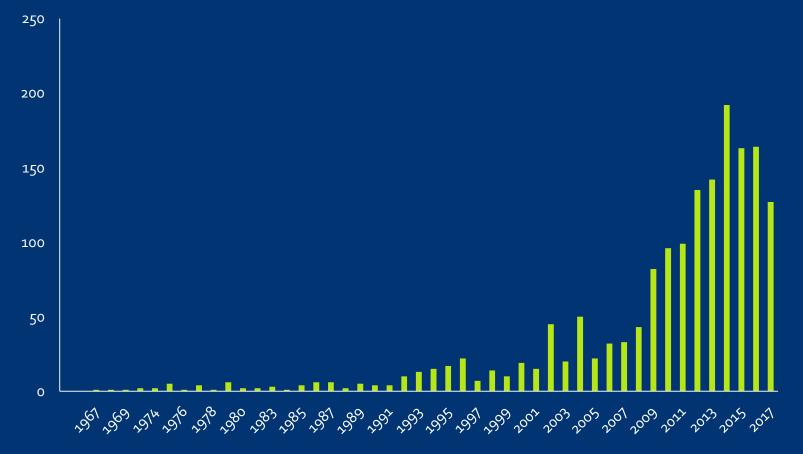
Replacement / Reduction / Refinement

• US convention is:

Refinement / Reduction / Replacement



Three Rs in the literature





Three Rs in UK law ASPA

- Animals (Scientific Procedures) Act 1986
 - Based on the principles that:
 - harm-benefit analysis and should inform decision making as to whether animal experiments should take place.
 - Efforts should be made to reduce suffering
 - The Three Rs are one way that this can be achieved.



Three Rs in UK law

'New' ASPA January 2013

- Animals (Scientific Procedures) Act 1986
 - Updated to take into account European Directive 2010/63
 - Original ASPA makes no specific reference to the Three Rs. (closest section below).

10.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, a licence or certificate under this Act may contain such conditions as the Secretary of State thinks fit.

- (2) The conditions of a personal licence shall include-
 - (a) a condition to the effect that the holder shall take precautions to prevent or reduce to the minimum consistent with the purposes of the authorised procedures any pain, distress or discomfort to the animals to which those procedures may be applied; and



Three Rs in UK law

'New' ASPA January 2013

Animals (Scientific Procedures) Act 1986

 New ASPA references Three Rs throughout the legislation. (9 separate, specific mentions)

Principles of replacement, reduction and refinement

5. After section 2 insert-

"2A Principles of replacement, reduction and refinement

(1) The Secretary of State must exercise his or her functions under this Act with a view to ensuring compliance with the principles of replacement, reduction and refinement.

- (2) For the purposes of this Act-
 - (a) the principle of replacement is the principle that, wherever possible, a scientifically satisfactory method or testing strategy not entailing the use of protected animals must be used instead of a regulated procedure;
 - (b) the principle of reduction is the principle that whenever a programme of work involving the use of protected animals is carried out the number of protected animals used must be reduced to a minimum without compromising the objectives of the programme;
 - (c) the principle of refinement is the principle that the breeding, accommodation and care of protected animals and the methods used in regulated procedures applied to such animals must be refined so as to eliminate or reduce to the minimum any possible pain, suffering, distress or lasting harm to those animals."

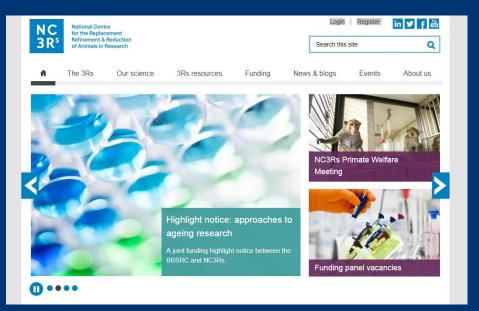


Three Rs in UK scientific practice

Much improved.....

NC3Rs formed in 2004

• Following 2002 HoL select committee report on animals in scientific procedures



Raised the profile of the 3Rs in the UK

• Others had been working on the issue for several years before this!



Three Rs in UK scientific practice

But....

- Overall Government funding for 3Rs has not significantly increased
- MRC/BBSRC funding of 3Rs research pre 2008 now given to NC3Rs (based on data from PQs)



THE POSITIVES

- As a framework the 3Rs is delivering
 - Scientific meetings
 - Working groups
 - Common language
 - Improved animal welfare
- Debate is re-shaping
 - Importance of welfare for good science is recognised
 - How research is conducted is a hot topic



Benefits to science

Higher welfare standards ∞ better science

"The OIE emphasises the need for humane treatment of animals and that good quality science depends upon good animal welfare..Good husbandry practices enhance the health and welfare of the animals used and contributes to the scientific validity of animal research." World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE)

"Good animal welfare and full implementation of the 3Rs are essential for good science and for retaining the support of the public in the use of animals in research." Medical Research Council



NOT UNIVERSALLY ACCEPTED....

"Please no. the 3Rs is not the accepted global religion of biomedical research. Some people, me included, think it is nonsense. It certainly has NOTHING to do with science and if it is to be policed then this should be at the level of regulators (HO etc) not journals. The best way to comply with 3Rs is to get out of the lab and do something else."



NOT UNIVERSALLY UNDERSTOOD....

"I 'do' reduction: I throw compounds at my model until I see something interesting and then increase the 'n' until I can put a star on the graph – I use the fewest number of animals possible"



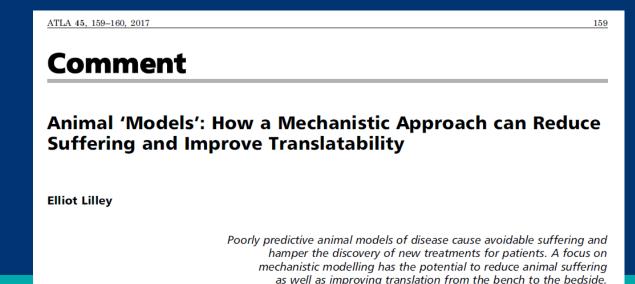
WHICH R IS MOST IMPORTANT?

- Some animal protection groups only want full replacement
- Reduction and Refinement suggest approval for animal use?
- Refinement is poor relation?
- Conflict between reduction and refinement



REFINEMENT AS A GATEWAY TO REPLACEMENT?

- Mechanism based approaches lend themselves to:
 - reduced suffering
 - development of non-animal alternatives.



RSPCA

AVOIDANCE OF ACOUNTABILITY?

- The 3Rs are valuable, like ARRIVE, if they are embeded in research culture.
- Do dedicated <u>3Rs funders</u> encourage this?
- 3Rs as an ethical framework
 - Focus on how not why or if
 - BHA ≠ ethical evaluation
 - Too much box ticking?



THINGS ARE GETTING BETTER

- Since the publication of 'The Principles' we have seen:
 - Huge expansion of animal welfare science
 - Worldwide acceptance of the 3Rs as a framework
 - Formation of dedicated <u>3Rs centres</u>
 - More robust legislation
 - Improved collaboration between welfarists and scientists



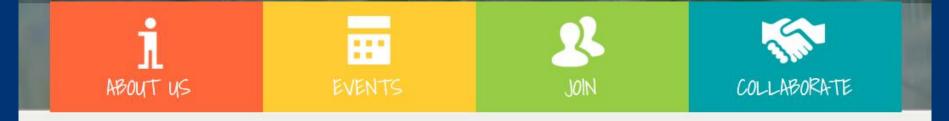
THE NORTH AMERICAN 3Rs COLLABORATIVE

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Make a Difference Today

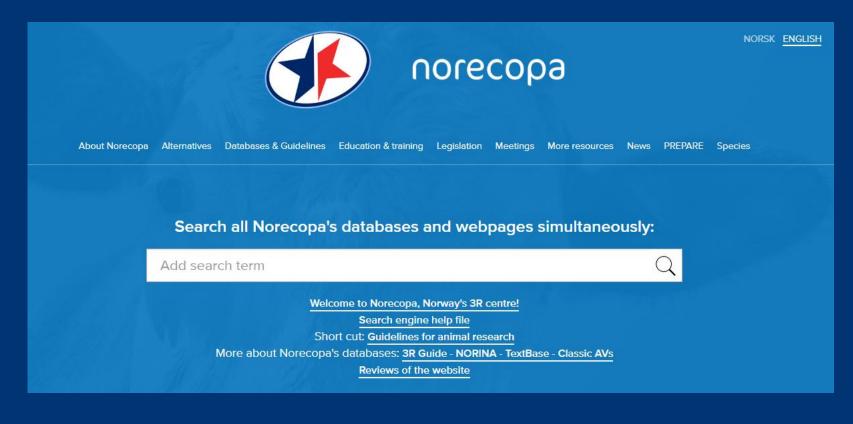
DONATE

Refine. Reduce. Replace. Advancing science, innovation AND WELFARE THROUGH SHARING





RESOURCES AND PUBLICATIONS





BLUE SKIES THINKING.....

- How realistic is full replacement?
- Should we set a deadline?
- How much should we spend on alternatives?
- What other ways can we influence change?



The future full replacement

- Therapeutics
 - Efficacy, plasma level, mechanism
- Target identification
 - Pathway, human disease relevance
 - Veterinary research-ethical conflict
- Fundamental research
 - Understanding disease mechanisms
 - Poorly understood pathology











DEADLINES....

Good for:

- Directing resources
- Highlighting issue
- Bad for:
 - Lack of realism
 - circularity of science

Ban on Animal Testing

The Cosmetics Directive provides the regulatory framework for the phasing out of animal testing for cosmetics purposes.

Specifically, it establishes:

- · Testing ban prohibition to test finished cosmetic products and cosmetic ingredients on animals;
- Marketing ban prohibition to market finished cosmetic products and ingredients in the EU which were tested on animals.



Moi

Popu

Chair Vega



Dutch Government Bans Animal Testing

HOW MUCH INVESTMENT?

- 2012/13 £300million of BIS funding by the four main research councils (MRC, BBSRC, EPSRC, NERC) to fund projects which involved animal use
- 2012/13 £8.73million on alternatives (£7.16million to NC3Rs)
- Less than 3%
- Less than 0.2% of total government funding of science and technology (£4.6bn)



HOW MUCH INVESTMENT?

- What is a reasonable target?
 - 10% of animal use budget?
 - 2% of total research funding?
- Fixed proportion or rising over time?
 - 10% initially raising to 50% within 20 years?
- Must de directed to high quality science with clearly defined KPIs



INFLUENCING CHANGE

- Education/CPD
- Buy-in from funders
- Support from Journals
- Emphasis on demonstrably better science

Need to make humane research mainstream



All right...all right...but apart from better animal welfare, animal replacement science, pain faces, score sheets, ethical review, improved experimental design, initiatives to improve reporting, better facilities and improved training and competency....

what have the Three Rs ever done for us?



Thank you

